# ZUCIONIC\* by SCGC

**Technology Introduction** 





## **Asryan Community**

Rajshahi, Bangladesh

**Status:** Operational since November 2023

#### Facility:

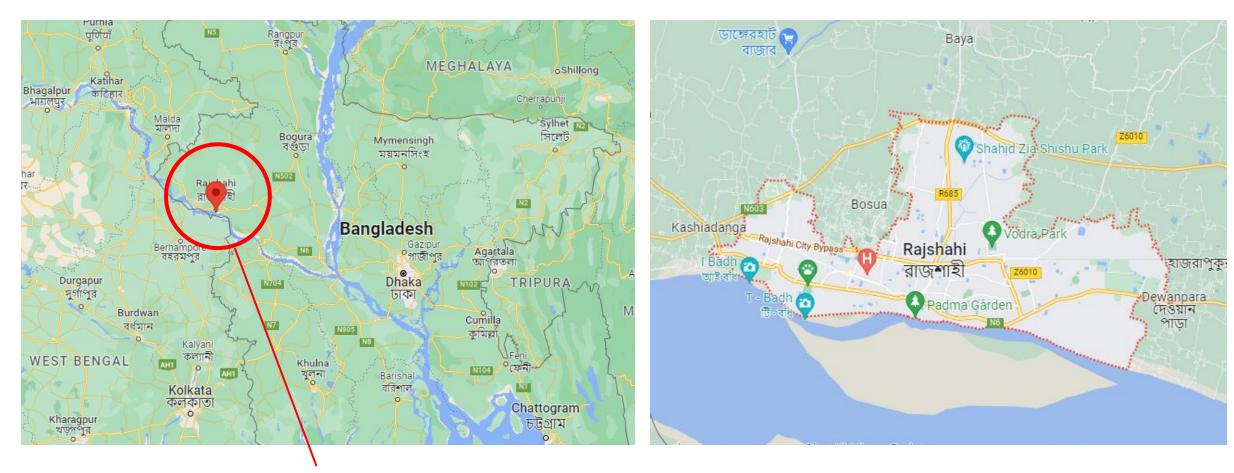
- 40 households
- 188 community members
- 32 pit toilets

#### **Treated Waste:**

- Blackwater from pour flush toilets
- Approx. 3,240L p/day

### Technology setup:

- Innovative cluster design connecting 32 individual pit toilets.
- Centralized treatment plant consisting of 9,500L septic tank and 2 x Aquonic 1000L tanks.



**Rajshahi City –** Located on the north bank of the Padma River, near the Bangladesh-India border.

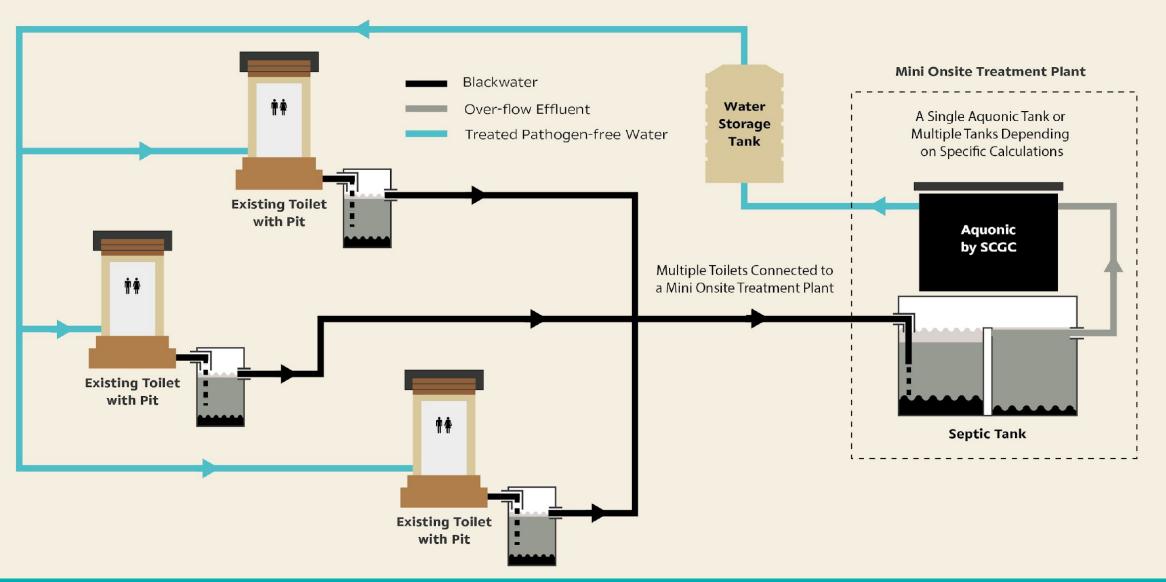


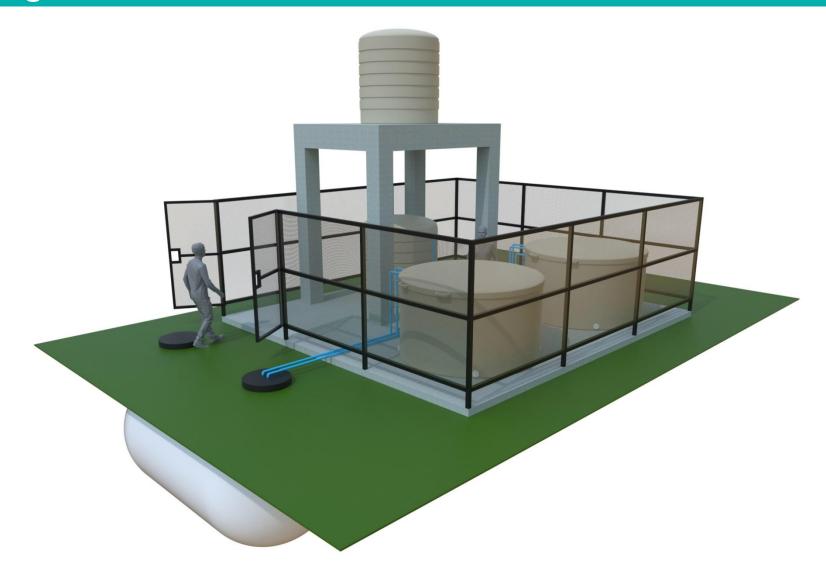
















## **How to Calculate Number of Required Aquonic**

#### Basic idea - Calculate for the maximum generation of wastewater per site

#### Info required

- 1) Number of toilet cubicle e.g. 5
- Volume of the toilet flush or pour e.g. 6L
- Number of hours per day the toilet is open for usee.g. 8h
- Number of days per week the toilet is open for use – e.g. 5 days

## **Assumptions**

- 1. Use assumption that 1 person use toilet for 10min and flushes twice
- 2. Use assumption that 1 x Aquonic can treat 1000L per day, 7 days per week

#### **Example calculation**

Max wastewater per day for 1 toilet cubicle

$$= 6L \times 2 \times 6 \times 8 = 576L$$

Max wastewater for toilet block per week

$$= 576L \times 5 \text{ cubicle} = 2,880L \times 5 \text{ days} = 14,400$$

Required Aquonic tanks =

$$14,400 \div 7 \text{ days} = 2,057L \text{ per day} \div 1000L = 2 \text{ Aquonic}$$



















